BCMA / CD20 / Firefly Luciferase CHO Cell Line

Description

Clonal stable CHO cell line constitutively expressing full length human BCMA protein (also known as CD269 or TNFRSF17, Genbank accession #NM_001192) and human CD20 protein (also known as MS4A1 or FMC7, Genbank accession #NM_021950). This cell line was derived from our CHO-K1 Luciferase cells (BPS Bioscience, #79725), therefore it also constitutively expresses the firefly luciferase reporter. Surface expressions of BCMA and CD20 were confirmed by flow cytometry.

Background

B-Cell Maturation Antigen (BCMA), also known as CD269, is a cell surface receptor of the TNF receptor superfamily that recognizes B-Cell Activating Factor (BAFF). BCMA is preferentially expressed on mature B-lymphocytes and Multiple Myeloma (MM) cells. BCMA is a highly attractive target antigen for immunotherapy, not only because of its restricted expression in nonmalignant tissue, but also due to its almost universal expression on MM cells. Preclinical studies using CAR (Chimeric Antigen Receptor) T-cells targeting BCMA have demonstrated anti-MM activity, and in 2017, the FDA granted BCMA CAR T-Cell immunotherapy the breakthrough designation in treating Multiple Myeloma.

CD20 (MS4A1) is a glycosylated phosphoprotein expressed on the cell surface of B cells. Although the functional significance of CD20 is not clear, and CD20 has no known ligands, CD20 has been shown to regulate intracellular calcium levels. CD20 is a highly attractive target antigen for immunotherapy because it is expressed in more than 90% of patients with B-cell lymphoma. First approved in 1997, Rituximab (Rituxan) is a chimeric monoclonal antibody targeting CD20 and has been classified by the World Health Organization as an "Essential Medicine". Since then, additional monoclonal antibodies against CD20 have been approved or are being tested in clinical trials for the treatment of multiple sclerosis (MS), chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL), follicular lymphoma, diffuse large B cell lymphoma (DLBCL), rheumatoid arthritis, non-Hodgkin's lymphoma, systemic lupus erythematosus, and myalgic encephalomyelitis (chronic fatigue syndrome). Additionally, more recently, anti-CD20-CD19 bispecific CAR-T cells have been developed to address concerns over potential relapse.

Application

1. Useful for validation of anti-BCMA and anti-CD20 bispecific antibody.

2. Useful as BCMA- and/or CD20-expressing target cells in co-culture assay with BCMA- and/or CD20-CAR-T cells, for both BCMA/CD20-specific cell killing assay and cytokine production assay.

3. Useful for screening and validating antibodies against BCMA or CD20 and anti-BCMA and/or anti-CD20 CAR-T for immunotherapy research and drug discovery.

Materials Provided

Components	Format
2 vials of frozen cells	Each vial contains \sim 2 x 10 ⁶ cells in 1 ml of 10% DMSO

Host Cell

CHO K1 cell line, Chinese Hamster Ovary, epithelial-like cells, adherent

Mycoplasma Testing

The cell line has been screened using the MycoAlert[™] Mycoplasma Detection kit (Lonza, #LT07-218) to confirm the absence of Mycoplasma species.



Materials Required but Not Supplied



These materials are not supplied with this cell line but are necessary for cell culture and cellular assays. BPS Bioscience reagents systems are validated and optimized for use with this cell line and are highly recommended for best results. Media components are provided in the Media Formulations section.

Materials Required for Cell Culture

Name	Ordering Information
Thaw Medium 3	BPS Bioscience #60186
Growth Medium 3K	BPS Bioscience #78041
<i>Materials Required for Cellular Assay</i> Name	Ordering Information
ONE-Step™ Luciferase Assay System	BPS Bioscience #60690
96-well tissue culture-treated white clear-bottom assay plate Luminometer	

Storage Conditions

Cells will arrive upon dry ice and should immediately be thawed or stored in liquid nitrogen upon receipt. Do not use a -80°C freezer for long term storage. Contact technical support at support@bpsbioscience.com if the cells are not frozen in dry ice upon arrival.

Media Formulations

For best results, it is *highly recommended* to use these validated and optimized media from BPS Bioscience. To formulate a comparable but not BPS validated media, formulation components can be found below.



Note: Thaw Media does *not* contain selective antibiotics. However, Growth Media *does* contain selective antibiotics, which are used for maintaining cell lines over many passages. Cells should be grown at 37° C with 5% CO₂ using Growth Medium 3K.

Media Required for Cell Culture

Thaw Medium 3 (BPS Bioscience #60186):

Ham's F-12 medium (Hyclone, #SH30526.01) supplemented with 10% FBS (Thermo Fisher, #26140079), 1% Penicillin/Streptomycin (Hyclone, #SV30010.01).

Growth Medium 3K (BPS Bioscience #78041):

Thaw medium 3 (BPS Bioscience, #60186) plus 1000 μg/ml Geneticin (Thermo Fisher, #11811031), 5 μg/ml Puromycin (InvivoGen, #ant-pr-1) and 500 μg/ml of Hygromycin B (Thermo Fisher, #10687010) to ensure cell expression.

Assay Medium: Thaw Medium 3 (BPS Bioscience #60186)



Cell Culture Protocol

Cell Thawing

- 1. To thaw the cells, it is recommended to quickly thaw the frozen cells from liquid nitrogen in a 37°C waterbath, then transfer the entire contents of the vial to a tube containing 10 ml of Thaw Medium 3 (no Geneticin, Puromycin or Hygromycin B).
- 2. Spin down the cells, remove supernatant and resuspend cells in 5 ml of pre-warmed Thaw Medium 3 (no Geneticin, Puromycin or Hygromycin B).
- 3. Transfer the resuspended cells to a T25 flask and incubate at 37° C in a 5% CO₂ incubator.
- 4. After 24 hours of culture, add an additional ~3 ml of Thaw Medium 3 (**no Geneticin, Puromycin or Hygromycin B**) and continue growing culture in a CO₂ incubator at 37°C until the cells are ready to be split.
- 5. Cells should be split before they are fully confluent. At first passage, switch to Growth Medium 3K (contains Geneticin, Puromycin and Hygromycin B).

Cell Passage

- 1. To passage the cells, remove the medium, rinse cells with phosphate buffered saline (PBS), and detach cells from culture vessel with 0.25% Trypsin/EDTA.
- 2. After detachment, add Growth Medium 3K (contains Geneticin, Puromycin and Hygromycin B) and transfer to a tube, spin down cells, resuspend cells in Growth Medium 3K and seed appropriate aliquots of cell suspension into new culture vessels. Sub cultivation ration: about 1:20 every 5 days.

Cell Freezing

- 1. To freeze down the cells, remove the medium, rinse cells with phosphate buffered saline (PBS), and detach cells from culture vessel with 0.25% Trypsin/EDTA.
- After detachment, add Thaw Medium 3 (no Geneticin, Puromycin or Hygromycin B) and count the cells, then transfer to a tube, spin down cells, and resuspend in 4°C Freezing Medium (BPS Bioscience, #79796) at ~2 x 10⁶ cells/ml.
- 3. Dispense 1 ml of cell aliquots into cryogenic vials. Place vials in an insulated container for slow cooling and store at -80°C overnight.
- 4. Transfer to liquid nitrogen the next day for storage.



Note: It is recommended to expand the cells and freeze down at least 10 vials of cells at an early passage for future use.



Validation Data

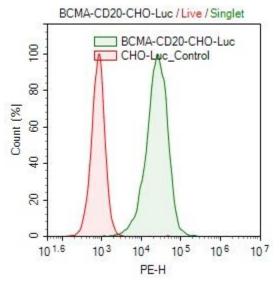


Figure 1. Expression of BCMA validated by flow cytometry.

Flow cytometry using PE-conjugated anti-human BCMA antibody (BioLegend, #357503) to detect BCMA surface expression on either the BCMA / CD20 / Firefly Luciferase - CHO Cell Line (green) or parental CHO-luc cells (red).

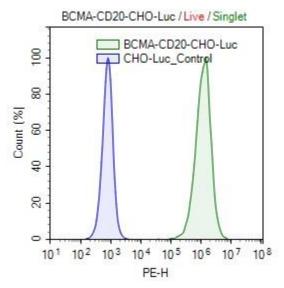


Figure 2. Expression of CD20 validated by flow cytometry.

Flow cytometry using PE-conjugated anti-human CD20 antibody (BioLegend, #302346) to detect CD20 surface expression on either the BCMA / CD20 / Firefly Luciferase - CHO Cell Line (green) or parental CHO-Luc cells (blue).



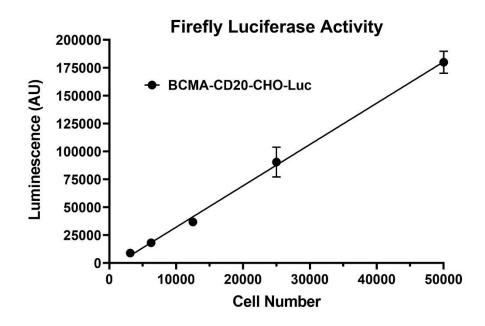


Figure 3. Luciferase activity of BCMA / CD20 / Firefly Luciferase - CHO Cells.

BCMA / CD20 / Firefly Luciferase - CHO Cells were seeded in a 96-well plate at various densities. After four hours, luciferase activity under CMV promoter was measured using the ONE-Step luciferase assay system (BPS Bioscience, #60690).

Sequence

Human BCMA Sequence (Accession Number: NM_001192)

MLQMAGQCSQNEYFDSLLHACIPCQLRCSSNTPPLTCQRYCNASVTNSVKGTNAILWTCLGLSLIISLAV FVLMFLLRKINSEPLKDEFKNTGSGLLGMANIDLEKSRTGDEIILPRGLEYTVEECTCEDCIKSKPKVDSDH CFPLPAMEEGATILVTTKTNDYCKSLPAALSATEIEKSISAR

Human CD20 Sequence (Accession Number: NM_021950)

MTTPRNSVNGTFPAEPMKGPIAMQSGPKPLFRRMSSLVGPTQSFFMRESKTLGAVQIMNGLFHIALGGLL MIPAGIYAPICVTVWYPLWGGIMYIISGSLLAATEKNSRKCLVKGKMIMNSLSLFAAISGMILSIMDILNIKISH FLKMESLNFIRAHTPYINIYNCEPANPSEKNSPSTQYCYSIQSLFLGILSVMLIFAFFQELVIAGIVENEWKRTCS RPKSNIVLLSAEEKKEQTIEIKEEVVGLTETSSQPKNEEDIEIIPIQEEEEEETETNFPEPPQDQESSPIENDSSP

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Troubleshooting Guide

Visit bpsbioscience.com/cell-line-faq for detailed troubleshooting instructions. For all further questions, please email support@bpsbioscience.com.



Related Products

_Product	Catalog #	Size
BCMA-CHO Recombinant Cell Line (High Expression)	79500-H	2 vials
BCMA-CHO Recombinant Cell Line (Low Expression)	79500-L	2 vials
CD19 / BCMA / Firefly Luciferase - CHO Recombinant Cell Line	78030	2 vials
BCMA / Luciferase - CHO Recombinant Cell Line	79724	2 vials
Anti-BCMA Antibody (Single-Chain Variable Frag), His-Tag	100173	50/100 μg
CD20 CHO Recombinant Cell Line (High Expression)	79624-H	2 vials
CD20 CHO Recombinant Cell Line (Medium Expression)	79624-M	2 vials
CD20, Fc Fusion, Avi-Tag, PE-labeled	101027	50 µg
Anti-CD20 Agonist Antibody	71209	100 µg
BCMA, Fc-Fusion, Avi-Tag	79465	100 µg
BCMA, Fc-fusion (IgG1), Avi-Tag, Biotin-Labeled	79467	25/50 μg

