Description

The Chemi-Verse™ TBK1 Kinase Assay Kit is designed to measure TBK1 (TANK-binding kinase 1) serine/threonine kinase activity for screening and profiling applications using ADP-Glo™ as a detection reagent. The assay kit comes in a convenient 96-well format, with enough recombinant purified TBK1 (amino acids 2-279), kinase substrate, ATP, and kinase assay buffer for 100 enzyme reactions.

Background

TBK1 (TANK-binding kinase 1) is serine/threonine kinase involved in cell proliferation, apoptosis, autophagy and immune responses. It is a non-canonical IKK (nuclear factor-κB kinase) kinase, that requires autophosphorylation to become active. It can be activated in response to pathogens, inflammatory cytokines and small GTPases such as KRAS (Kirsten rat sarcoma). This protein participates in several pathways by interacting with different adaptor proteins, which determine TBK1 localization, access to substrates, and function. For example, binding to TANK (TRAF family member associated NF-κB activator) determines a perinuclear localization, while binding to AZI2 (5-azacytidine-induced protein 2) moves the protein to the cytosol. In the context of innate immunity, TBK1 mediates IRF3/7 (interferon regulatory factor 3) activation and NF-κB signaling, resulting in cytokine production. TBK1 activity dysfunction can result in autoimmune disorders (like rheumatoid arthritis), neurodegenerative disorders (amyotropic lateral sclerosis) and cancer. The use of inhibitors for TBK1 has been studied as a therapeutic approach for inflammatory disorders and cancer, with momelotinib being tested in clinical trials. Another inhibitor, amlexanox, is being tested in the context of type II diabetes, MASH and obesity.

Applications

Study enzyme kinetics and screen small molecule inhibitors for drug discovery and high throughput screening (HTS) applications.

Supplied Materials

Catalog #	Name	Amount	Storage
40286	TBK1, GST-Tag*	5 μg	-80°C
79334	5x Kinase Buffer 1	1.5 ml	-20°C
79686	500 μM ATP	50 μΙ	-20°C
78514	Myelin Basic Protein (MBP), 5 mg/ml	100 μΙ	-20°C
82545	White 96-well plate	1	Room Temperature

^{*}The concentration of the protein is lot-specific and will be indicated on the tube.

Materials Required but Not Supplied

Name	Ordering Information
ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay	Promega #V6930
DTT (Dithiothreitol), 1M, optional	
Microplate reader capable of reading luminescence	
Adjustable micropipettor and sterile tips	
30°C incubator	



Storage Conditions



This assay kit will perform optimally for up to **6 months** from date of receipt when the materials are stored as directed.

Safety



This product is for research purposes only and not for human or therapeutic use. This product should be considered hazardous and is harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin, eyes, clothing, and if swallowed. If contact occurs, wash thoroughly.

Assay Principle

The ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay (Promega #V6930) quantifies the amount of ADP produced by a kinase upon phosphorylation of a substrate. First, addition of the ADP-Glo™ reagent terminates the reaction and quenches the remaining ATP. Second, the addition of the Kinase Detection reagent converts the produced ADP to ATP. The newly generated ATP is quantified by a luciferase reaction. The luminescent signal correlates with the amount of ADP generated by the kinase and is linear to 1 mM ATP.

Contraindications

The final concentration of DMSO in the assay should not exceed 1%.

Assay Protocol

- All samples and controls should be tested in duplicate.
- The assay should include "Blank", "Positive Control" and "Test Inhibitor" conditions.
- We recommend maintaining the diluted protein on ice during use.
- For detailed information on protein handling please refer to Protein FAQs (bpsbioscience.com).
- We recommend using GSK-8612 (#82589) or Staurosporine (#27002) as internal control. If not running a
 dose response curve for the control inhibitor, we recommend running the control inhibitor at 0.1X, 1X and
 10X the IC₅₀ value shown in the validation data below.
- For instructions on how to prepare reagent dilutions please refer to Serial Dilution Protocol (bpsbioscience.com).
- 1. Thaw 5x Kinase Assay Buffer 1, 500 μM ATP, and Myelin Basic Protein (MBP), 5 mg/ml.

Optional: If desired, make **5x Kinase Assay Buffer 1** with 10 mM DTT.

2. Prepare 3 ml of **1x Kinase Assay Buffer 1** by mixing 600 μl of **5x Kinase Assay Buffer 1** with 2,400 μl of distilled water.

Note: Three (3 ml) of **1x Kinase Assay Buffer 1** is sufficient for 100 reactions.

- 3. Prepare a **Master Mix** (12.5 μl/well): N wells x (6 μl of 5x Kinase Assay Buffer 1 + 0.5 μl of 500 μM ATP + 1 μl of Myelin Basic Protein (MBP), 5 mg/ml + 5 μl of distilled water).
- 4. Add 12.5 μl of Master Mix to every well.
- 5. Prepare the **Test Inhibitor** (2.5 μ l/well): for a titration prepare serial dilutions at concentrations 10-fold higher than the desired final concentrations. The final volume of the reaction is 25 μ l.



5.1 If the Test Inhibitor is water-soluble: Prepare serial dilutions in 1x Kinase Assay Buffer 1, 10-fold more concentrated than the desired final concentrations.

For the positive and negative controls, use 1x Kinase Assay Buffer 1 (Diluent Solution).

OR

5.2 If the Test inhibitor is soluble in DMSO: Prepare the test inhibitor at 100-fold the highest desired concentration in 100% DMSO, then dilute the inhibitor 10-fold in 1x Kinase Assay Buffer 1 to prepare the highest concentration of the 10-fold intermediate dilutions. The concentration of DMSO is now 10%.

Prepare serial dilutions of the Test Inhibitor at 10-fold the desired final concentrations using 10% DMSO in 1x Kinase Assay Buffer 1 to keep the concentration of DMSO constant.

For positive and negative controls, prepare 10% DMSO in 1x Kinase Assay Buffer 1 (vol/vol) so that all wells contain the same amount of DMSO (Diluent Solution).

Note: The final concentration of DMSO should not exceed 1%.

- 6. Add 2.5 μl of Test Inhibitor to each well labeled "Test Inhibitor".
- 7. Add 2.5 μ l of Diluent Solution to the "Positive Control" and "Blank" wells.
- 8. Add 10 μl of 1x Kinase Assay Buffer 1 to the "Blank" wells.
- 9. Thaw **TBK1 Kinase** on ice. Briefly spin the tube to recover its full content.
- 10. Dilute the protein kinase (10 μl/well) to 5 ng/μl with 1x Kinase Assay Buffer 1.
- 11. Initiate the reaction by adding 10 μ l of diluted kinase to the wells designated "Positive Control" and "Test Inhibitor".

Component	Blank	Positive Control	Test Inhibitor
Master Mix	12.5 μΙ	12.5 μΙ	12.5 μΙ
Test Inhibitor	-	-	2.5 μΙ
Diluent Solution	2.5 μΙ	2.5 μΙ	-
1x Kinase Assay Buffer 1	10 μΙ	-	-
Diluted TBK1 (5 ng/μl)	-	10 μΙ	10 μΙ
Total	25 µl	25 μΙ	25 µl

- 12. Incubate at 30°C for 45 minutes.
- 13. Thaw the ADP-Glo™ reagent.
- 14. At the end of the 45 minute reaction, add 25 µl of ADP-Glo™ reagent to each well.



- 15. Cover the plate with aluminum foil and incubate at Room Temperature (RT) for 45 minutes.
- 16. Thaw the Kinase Detection Reagent.
- 17. Add 50 μl of Kinase Detection reagent to each well.
- 18. Cover the plate with aluminum foil and incubate at RT for another 45 minutes.
- 19. Immediately read in a luminometer or a microplate reader capable of reading luminescence.
- 20. The "Blank" value is subtracted from all other readings.

Reading Luminescence

Luminescence is the emission of light resulting from a chemical reaction. The detection of luminescence requires no wavelength selection because the method used is emission photometry and not emission spectrophotometry.

To properly read luminescence, make sure the plate reader is set for LUMINESCENCE mode. Typical integration time is 1 second, delay after plate movement is 100 msec. Do not use a filter when measuring light emission. Typical settings for the Synergy 2 BioTek plate reader: use the "hole" position on the filter wheel; Optics position: Top; Read type: endpoint. Sensitivity may be adjusted based on the luminescence of a control assay without enzyme (typically we set this value as 100).

Example Results

TBK1 Activity

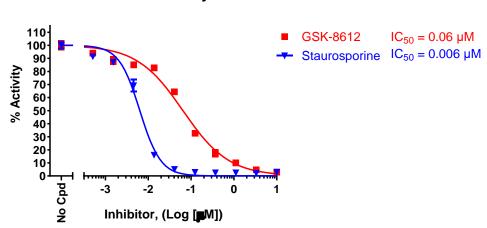


Figure 1: Inhibition of TBK1 kinase activity by the inhibitors GSK-8612 and Staurosporine. TBK1 kinase activity was measured in the presence of increasing concentrations of GSK-8612 (#82589) or Staurosporine (#27002). The "Blank" value was subtracted from all other values. Results are expressed as the percent of control (kinase activity in the absence of inhibitor, set at 100%).

Data shown is representative. For lot-specific information, please contact BPS Bioscience, Inc. at support@bpsbioscience.com.

Troubleshooting Guide



Visit bpsbioscience.com/assay-kits-faq for detailed troubleshooting instructions. For all further questions, please email support@bpsbioscience.com

References

Runde A., et al., 2022 J Exp Clin Cancer Res 41(10):135.

Related Products

Products	Catalog #	Size
IKKβ Kinase Assay Kit	78507	96 reactions
NF-ĸB Reporter (Luc)- HEK293 Recombinant Cell Line	60650	2 vials
IRF Reporter (Luc)- THP-1 Cell Line (cGAS-Sting Signaling Pathway)	79858	2 vials

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