

# Data Sheet NSD2 Chemiluminescent Assay Kit Catalog # 79359 Size: 384 reactions

**DESCRIPTION:** The *NSD2 Chemiluminescent Assay Kit* is designed to measure NSD2 activity for screening and profiling applications. The *NSD2 Chemiluminescent Assay Kit* comes in a convenient format, with 384-well plate precoated with a specific substrate, the antibody against methylated lysine residue of Histone H3, a secondary HRP-labeled antibody, S-adenosylmethionine, methyltransferase assay buffer, and purified NSD2 enzyme for 384 enzyme reactions. The key to the *NSD2 Chemiluminescent Activity Assay Kit* is a highly specific antibody that recognizes methylated residue of Histone H3. With this kit, only three simple steps are required for methyltransferase detection. First, S-adenosylmethionine is incubated with a sample containing assay buffer and methyltransferase enzyme. Next, primary antibody is added. Finally, the plate is treated with an HRP-labeled secondary antibody followed by addition of the HRP substrate to produce chemiluminescence that can then be measured using a chemiluminescence reader.

Catalog #	Component	Amount	Ste	orage
51026	NSD2 human enzyme*	50 µg	-80°C	
52120	100 µM S-adenosylmethionine	2 x 250 µl	-80°C	
52140P2	Primary antibody 16-2	2 x 12.5 µl	-80°C	
52131H	Secondary HRP-labeled antibody 2	2 x 10 µl	-80°C	(
52193Z	4x HMT assay buffer 7	2 x 3 ml	-20°C	(Avoid
52100	Blocking buffer 4	2 x 50 ml	+4°C	freeze/
	HRP chemiluminescent substrate A (translucent bottle)	2 x 6 ml	+4°C	thaw cycles!)
	HRP chemiluminescent substrate B (brown bottle)	2 x 6 ml	+4°C	
	Microplate pre-coated with substrate	1	+4°C	

## **COMPONENTS:**

\*The concentration of NSD2 is lot-specific and will be indicated on the tube containing the enzyme

#### MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED:

TBST buffer (1x Tris-buffered saline (TBS), pH 8.0, containing 0.05% Tween-20) Luminometer or microplate reader capable of reading chemiluminescence Adjustable micropipettor and sterile tips Rotating or rocker platform

**APPLICATIONS:** Great for studying enzyme kinetics and HTS applications.

CONTRAINDICATIONS: DMSO >1%, strong acids or bases, ionic detergents, high salt

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**STABILITY:** One year from date of receipt when stored as directed.

## **REFERENCES:**

Dillon SC, *et al. Genome Biology* 2005; **6:**227. Bennet, R.L., *et al. Cold Spring Harb Perspect Med.* 2017; 7**(6):** a026708

# ASSAY PROTOCOL:

## All samples and controls should be tested in duplicate.

## Step 1:

- Rehydrate the microwells by adding 90 µl of TBST buffer (1x TBS, pH 8.0, containing 0.05% Tween-20) to every well. Incubate 15 minutes at room temperature. Tap the strip onto clean paper towels to remove liquid.
- 2) Thaw S-adenosylmethionine on ice. Upon first thaw, briefly spin tube containing S-adenosylmethionine to recover full content of the tube. Aliquot S-adenosylmethionine into single use aliquots. Store remaining S-adenosylmethionine in aliquots at -80°C immediately. Note: S-adenosylmethionine is sensitive to freeze/thaw cycles. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.
- 3) Prepare the master mixture: N wells × (3.75  $\mu$ l **4x HMT assay buffer 7** + 1.25  $\mu$ l 100  $\mu$ M **S-adenosylmethionine** + 5  $\mu$ l **H**<sub>2</sub>**O**)
- 4) Add 10 µl of master mixture to each well designated for the "Positive Control", "Test Inhibitor", and "Blank". For the "Substrate Control", add 3.75 µl 4x HMT assay buffer 7 + 6.25 µl H<sub>2</sub>O.

	Blank	Substrate Control	Positive Control	Test Inhibitor
4x HMT assay buffer 7	3.75 µl	3.75 µl	3.75 µl	3.75 µl
100 µM S-adenosylmethionine	1.25 µl	_	1.25 µl	1.25 µl
H <sub>2</sub> O	5 µl	6.25 µl	5 µl	5 µl
Test Inhibitor/Activator	-	-	_	5 µl
Inhibitor buffer (no inhibitor)	5 µl	5 µl	5 µl	_
1x HMT assay buffer 7	10 µl	_	_	_
NSD2 (12.5 ng/µl)	_	10 µl	10 µl	10 µl
Total	25 µl	25 µl	25 µl	25 µl

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- 5) Thaw NSD2 enzyme on ice. Upon first thaw, briefly spin tube containing enzyme to recover full content of the tube. Aliquot NSD2 enzyme into single use aliquots. Store remaining undiluted enzyme in aliquots at -80°C immediately. Note: NSD2 enzyme is very sensitive to freeze/thaw cycles. Do not re-use thawed aliquots or diluted enzyme.
- 6) Dilute **NSD2 enzyme** in **1x HMT assay buffer 7** to 12.5 ng/μl (125 ng/10 μl). Keep diluted enzyme on ice until use. Discard any unused diluted enzyme after use.
- Add 5 µl of inhibitor solution of each well designated "Test Inhibitor". For the "Positive Control", "Substrate Control" and "Blank", add 5 µl of the same solution without inhibitor (inhibitor buffer).
- 8) Add 10 µl of **1x HMT buffer 7** to the well designated "Blank".
- Initiate reaction by adding 10 μl of diluted NSD2 (prepared as described above) to the wells labeled "Test Inhibitor", "Positive Control", and "Substrate Control". Incubate 1 hour at room temperature on a rotating platform.
- 10) Wash the wells three times with 90 µl TBST buffer. Blot dry onto clean paper towels.
- 11) Add 50 µl of **Blocking buffer 4** to every well. Shake on a rotating platform for 10 min. Remove supernatant as above.

#### Step 2:

- 1) Dilute Primary antibody 16-2 800-fold with Blocking buffer 4.
- 2) Add 50 µl per well. Incubate 1 hour at room temperature with slow shaking.
- 3) Wash plate three times with 200 µl TBST buffer and incubate in **Blocking buffer 4** as in steps 1-10 and 1-11.

#### Step 3:

- 1) Dilute Secondary HRP-labeled antibody 2 1,000-fold with Blocking buffer 4.
- 2) Add 50 µl per well. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature with slow shaking.
- 3) Wash plate three times with TBST buffer and incubate in **Blocking buffer 4** as in steps 1-10 and 1-11.

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- 4) Just before use, mix on ice 25 µl HRP chemiluminescent substrate A and 25 µl HRP chemiluminescent substrate B and add 50 µl per well. Discard any unused chemiluminescent reagent after use.
- 5) Immediately read sample in a luminometer or microtiter-plate reader capable of reading chemiluminescence. "Blank" value is subtracted from all readings.

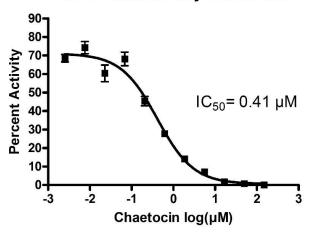
#### **Reading Chemiluminescence:**

Chemiluminescence is the emission of light (luminescence) which results from a chemical reaction. The detection of chemiluminescence requires no wavelength selection because the method used is emission photometry and is not emission spectrophotometry.

To properly read chemiluminescence, make sure the plate reader is set for LUMINESCENCE mode. Typical integration time is 1 second, delay after plate movement is 100 msec. Do not use a filter when measuring light emission. Typical settings for the Synergy 2 BioTek plate reader are: use the "hole" position on the filter wheel; Optics position: Top; Read type: endpoint. Sensitivity may be adjusted based on the luminescence of a control assay without enzyme (typically we set this value as 100).

#### Example of Assay Results:

#### **NSD2** Inhibition by Chaetocin



NSD2 enzyme activity, measured using the *NSD2 Chemiluminescent Assay Kit*, BPS Bioscience Catalog #79359. Luminescence was measured using a Bio-Tek fluorescent microplate reader. *Data shown is lot-specific. For lot-specific information, please contact BPS Bioscience, Inc. at support@bpsbioscience.com*.

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## **RELATED PRODUCTS**

Product Name	Catalog #	<u>Size</u>
NSD2 enzyme (catalytic)	#51026	50 µg
NSD2 (782-end)/ReBPII enzyme	#51025	20 µg
NSD1 enzyme	#51024	50 µg
NSD3 (1021-1322) enzyme	#51036	50 µg
SETD2 enzyme	#53019	50 µg
NSD1 Chemiluminescent Assay Kit	#53010	96 reactions
NSD2 Chemiluminescent Assay Kit	#53009	96 reactions
NSD3 Chemiluminescent Assay Kit	#53012	96 reactions
SETD2 Chemiluminescent Assay Kit	#52060	96 reactions
Chaetocin	#27221	1 mg
4x HMT Assay Buffer 7	#52193	30 mL
FBXL10(KDM2B, JHDM1B) enzyme	#50120	20 µg
FBXL11(KDM2A) enzyme	#50102	20 µg

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## **TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE**

Drahlem Dessible Cause Solution				
Problem	Possible Cause	Solution		
Luminescence signal of	NSD2 enzyme has lost	Enzyme loses activity upon repeated		
positive control reaction is	activity	freeze/thaw cycles. Use fresh enzyme		
weak		(NSD2, BPS Bioscience #51026).		
		Store enzyme in single-use aliquots.		
		Increase time of enzyme incubation.		
		Increase enzyme concentration.		
	Antibody reaction is	Increase time for antibody incubation.		
	insufficient	Avoid freeze/thaw cycles of antibody.		
	Incorrect settings on	Refer to instrument instructions for		
	instruments	settings to increase sensitivity of light		
		detection.		
	Chemiluminescent	Chemiluminescent solution should be		
	reagents mixed too	used within 15 minutes of mixing.		
	soon	Ensure both reagents are properly		
		mixed.		
Luminescent signal is erratic	Inaccurate	Run duplicates of all reactions.		
or varies widely among	pipetting/technique	Use a multichannel pipettor.		
wells		Use master mixes to minimize errors.		
	Bubbles in wells	Pipette slowly to avoid bubble		
		formation. Tap strip lightly to disperse		
		bubbles; be careful not to splash		
		between wells.		
Background (signal to noise	Insufficient washes	Increase number of washes.		
ratio) is high		Increase wash volume.		
		Increase Tween-20 concentration to		
		0.1% in TBST.		
	Sample solvent is	Run negative control assay including		
	inhibiting the enzyme	solvent. Maintain DMSO level at <1%		
		Increase time of enzyme incubation.		
	Results are outside the	Use different concentrations of		
	linear range of the	enzyme (NSD2, BPS Bioscience		
	assay	#51026) to create a standard curve.		

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