Description

The UCHL1 Inhibitor Screening Assay Kit is a 96-well format fluorogenic assay designed to measure the activity of the deubiquitinating (DUB) enzyme UCHL1 (Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase isozyme L1) for screening and profiling applications. The kit contains enough purified UCHL1 protein, Ubiquitinated-AMC substrate, and assay buffer for 100 reactions.

To determine the effect of an inhibitor on UCHL1 activity, the enzyme should be preincubated with or without the test inhibitor prior to adding the Ub-AMC substrate to the reaction. The assay was functionally validated using Ub-Aldehyde, a potent inhibitor of DUB subfamilies ubiquitin C-terminal hydrolases (UCHs), ubiquitin-specific proteases (USPs), Ovarian Tumor Proteases (OTU), and Machado-Josephin domain proteases (MJD).

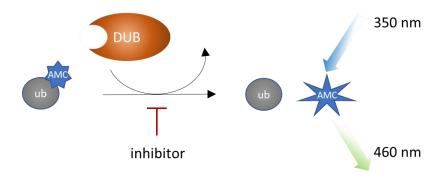


Figure 1: Illustration of the assay principle.

Ubiquitin-AMC is a fluorogenic substrate for ubiquitin hydrolases based on the C-terminus derivatization of ubiquitin with 7-amido-4-methylcoumarin (AMC). In conjugated form, the energy emitted from fluorochrome AMC is quenched. Upon proteolysis, AMC is no longer quenched and emits fluorescence with excitation/emission maxima of 350/460 nm. The increase in fluorescence is proportional to the DUB activity.

Background

Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase isozyme L1 (UCHL1, also known as Ubiquitin thioesterase L1), belongs to a large group of ubiquitin-specific proteases capable of cleaving ubiquitin from other proteins. These enzymes are also referred to as deubiquitinating peptidases, deubiquitinases (DUBs), ubiquitin proteases, ubiquitin hydrolases or ubiquitin isopeptidases. They contribute to the ubiquitin signaling pathway by countering the signal induced by ubiquitin conjugating enzymes and ligases. UCHL1 is also known as Parkinson's disease protein 5, since it is highly expressed in the brain, mostly in neurons, and is involved in Parkison's disease (PD). UCHL1 is thus a therapeutic target of interest in neurosciences and other therapeutical fields.

Applications

Enzyme kinetics studies and screening small molecule inhibitors for drug discovery and high-throughput screening (HTS) applications.



Supplied Materials

Catalog #	Name	Amount	Storage
80351	UCHL1, His-tag*	>1 µg	-80°C
81150	Ub-AMC Substrate	5 μΙ	-80°C
79274	10x PR-01 Assay Buffer	3 x 1 ml	-80°C
82735	0.5 M DTT	200 μΙ	-20°C
79685	96-well black microplate	1	Room Temp

^{*} The concentration of protein is lot-specific and will be indicated on the tube containing the protein.

Materials Required but Not Supplied

- Adjustable micropipettor and sterile tips
- Fluorimeter capable of excitation at λ =350-380 nm and detection at λ =440-460 nm

Stability



This assay kit will perform optimally for up to **6 months** from date of receipt when the materials are stored as directed.

Safety



This product is for research purposes only and not for human or therapeutic use. This product should be considered hazardous and is harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin, eyes, clothing, and if swallowed. If contact occurs, wash thoroughly.

Contraindications

- The final concentration of DMSO in the assay should not exceed 1%.
- Compounds that are fluorescent may interfere with the results, depending on their spectral excitation and emission properties.
- It is recommended that the compound alone is tested to determine any potential interference of the compound with the assay results.

Assay Protocol

- All samples and controls should be performed in duplicates.
- The assay should include "Negative Control", "Positive Control," and a "Test Inhibitor" conditions.
- We recommend maintaining the diluted protein on ice during use.
- For detailed information on protein handling please refer to Protein FAQs (bpsbioscience.com).
- We recommend using Ub-Aldehyde as internal control. If not running a dose response curve for the control inhibitor, we recommend running the control inhibitor at 0.1X, 1X and 10X the IC50 value shown in the validation data below.



Protect Ub-AMC from direct exposure to light.



- 1. Thaw 10x PR 01 Assay Buffer and 0.5 M DTT.
- 2. Dilute 0.5 M DTT 100-fold in 10x PR-01 Assay Buffer to reach a 5 mM DTT solution.

Note: Store excess solution in aliquots at -20°C. Do not freeze-thaw the aliquots more than once.

3. Prepare a 10-fold dilution of 10x PR-01 Assay Buffer (containing DTT) in distilled water. This makes 1x Assay Buffer.

Note: Discard unused 1x Assay Buffer at the end of the day.

- 4. Thaw **UCHL1** on ice. Briefly spin the tube to recover its full content.
- 5. Dilute UCHL1 to 80 pg/μl in 1x Assay Buffer (you need 25 μl/well).
- 6. Add 25 µl of diluted UCHL1 to all wells except "Negative Control".
- 7. For the "Negative Control" add 25 μl of 1x Assay Buffer.
- 8. Prepare the **Test inhibitor** (5 μ l/well): for a titration, prepare serial dilutions at concentrations 10-fold higher than the desired final concentrations. The final volume of the reaction is 50 μ l.
 - 8.1. If the Test Inhibitor is water-soluble, prepare serial dilutions in the 1x Assay Buffer at concentrations 10-fold higher than the desired final concentrations.

For the positive and negative controls, use 1x Assay Buffer (Diluent Solution).

OR

8.2. If the Test inhibitor is soluble in DMSO, prepare the test inhibitor in 100% DMSO at a concentration 100-fold higher than the highest desired final concentration, then dilute the inhibitor 10-fold in 1x Assay Buffer to prepare the highest concentration of the serial dilutions. The concentration of DMSO is now 10%.

Using 1x Assay Buffer containing 10% DMSO to keep the concentration of DMSO constant, prepare serial dilutions of the Test Inhibitor at 10-fold the desired final concentrations.

For positive and negative controls, prepare 10% DMSO in 1x Assay Buffer (vol/vol) so that all wells contain the same amount of DMSO (Diluent Solution).

Note: The final concentration of DMSO in the assay should not exceed 1%.

- 9. Add 5 μl of Test inhibitor to each well designated "Test Inhibitor".
- 10. Add 5 μl of Diluent Solution to the "Positive Control" and "Negative Control" wells.



- 11. Preincubate the Test inhibitor with the diluted UCHL1 for 30 minutes at Room Temperature (RT) with gentle agitation.
- 12. Dilute **Ub-AMC Substrate** 400-fold in 1x Assay Buffer.
- 13. Initiate the reaction by adding 20 µl of diluted Ub-AMC Substrate to all wells.



Protect your samples from direct exposure to light.

14. Incubate at RT for 30 minutes.

Component	Negative Control	Positive Control	Test Inhibitor			
1x Assay Buffer	25 μΙ	-	-			
Test Inhibitor	-	-	5 μΙ			
Diluent Solution	5 μΙ	5 μΙ	-			
Diluted UCHL1 (80 pg/μl)	-	25 μΙ	25 μΙ			
30 minutes at Room Temperature						
Ub-AMC Substrate	20 μΙ	20 μΙ	20 μΙ			
Total	50 μΙ	50 μΙ	50 μΙ			

15. Read the fluorescence intensity of the samples (λ excitation = 350 nm; λ emission = 460 nm) in a fluorescence reader.

Example Results:

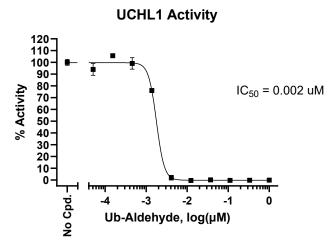


Figure 2. UCHL1 activity is inhibited by Ub-Aldehyde.

UCHL1 activity was measured in the presence of increasing concentrations of Ub-Aldehyde (South Bay Bio #PS0031). Results are expressed as percentage of activity relative to the positive control (measured in the absence of inhibitor and set at 100%).

Data shown is representative.



Troubleshooting Guide

Visit bpsbioscience.com/assay-kits-faq for detailed troubleshooting instructions. For further questions, please visit https://bpsbioscience.com/contact.

References

Buneeva O. and Medvedev A., 2024 Int. J. Mol. Sci. 25 (2): 1303.

Related Products

Products	Catalog #	Size
USP1 Inhibitor Screening Assay Kit	78831	96 reactions
USP5 Inhibitor Screening Assay Kit	78832	96 reactions
USP7 Inhibitor Screening Assay Kit	79256	96 reactions
USP20 Inhibitor Screening Assay Kit	78840	96 reactions

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